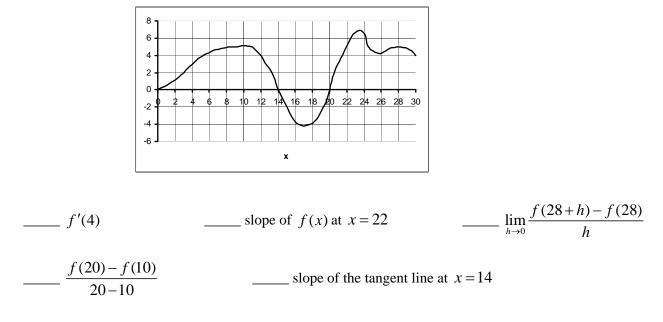
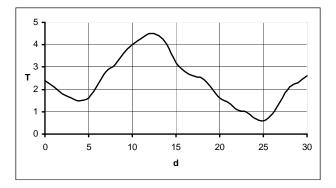
DERIVATIVE REPRESENTATIONS (2.2 & 2.4)

NAME_



1. Use the graph below to rank the value of each expression from smallest (1) to largest (5).

2. Illustrate each expression on the graph below by sketching a line with the indicated slope.

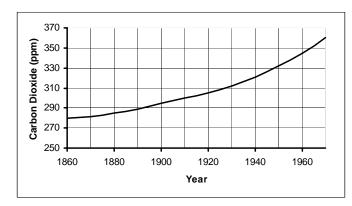


A. Average rate of change of T(d) between the 5th and 25th days.

B. Rate of change of T(d) on the 15th day.

C. $\frac{T(10)}{10}$

3. *P* represents the amount of carbon dioxide (ppm) in the atmosphere and *t* represents the year. Estimate P'(1940) and give a practical interpretation.



4. The speed of a car in mph can be expressed in terms of the length of a skid mark in feet when the brakes are applied. Use a difference quotient with h = 0.0001 to estimate S'(20) and give a practical interpretation if $S(L) = 2\sqrt{5L}$.

5. *L* is the light output (millions of lumens) and *t* is the time after ignition (milliseconds) of a No. 22 light bulb. Estimate L'(35) and give a practical interpretation.

Time after ignition	0	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50
Light output	0	0.2	0.5	2.6	4.2	3.0	1.7	0.7	0.35	0.2	0