

7.1 Homework

NAME _____

1. For each integral decide which of the following applies: 1) nothing is needed, 2) algebra or a trig identity is needed, 3) substitution is needed, or 4) can't be done by the techniques in Calculus I. Then evaluate each integral (except for the 4th type of course).

$$\text{A. } \int (x^3 + 1) dx \qquad \int x^2 (x^3 + 1)^4 dx \qquad \int \sqrt{x^3 + 1} dx \qquad \int (x^3 + 1)^2 dx$$

$$\text{B. } \int \sqrt{x} (1 - x^2) dx \qquad \int \sqrt{1 - x^2} dx \qquad \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}} dx \qquad \int \frac{x dx}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}}$$

$$\text{C. } \int \cos^2 x \sin^3 x dx \qquad \int \sqrt{1 - \cos^2 x} dx \qquad \int \frac{dx}{\cos^2 x} \qquad \int \frac{dx}{\cos x \sqrt{\sin x}}$$

$$\text{D. } \int \tan x \sec x dx \qquad \int \tan x \cos x dx \qquad \int \frac{\sec^2 x}{\sqrt{\tan x}} dx \qquad \int \frac{dx}{\tan x + 1}$$

$$E. \int e^{-x^2} dx$$

$$\int \frac{e^x}{3+e^x} dx$$

$$\int (e^x + 3) dx$$

$$\int \frac{\ln(e^{2x})}{x^2} dx$$

2. If $\int_a^b f(x) dx = K$, evaluate the following integrals in terms of K . If a substitution is needed, include the integral expressed properly in terms of u or w .

$$A. \int_a^b f(t) dt =$$

$$B. \int_{a+5}^{b+5} f(x-5) dx =$$

$$C. \int_a^b (f(x)+5) dx =$$

$$D. \int_{a/5}^{b/5} f(5x) dx =$$

$$E. \int_b^a \frac{f(x)}{5} dx =$$

3. Suppose $\int_3^6 f(z) dz = 4$. Determine the missing information so that the integral can be evaluated, then evaluate the integral.

$$A. \int_{\underline{\quad}}^{\underline{\quad}} f(5z) dz =$$

$$B. \int_{-1}^2 f(\underline{\quad}) dz =$$