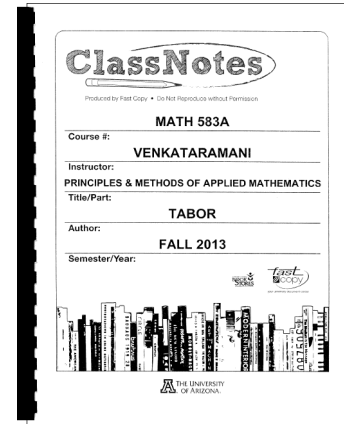


typos in MATH 583A&B class notes

2016-04-13, 07:23

On the right is the cover of the class notes that I have. If you have some other version, and the page numbering seems to be different — please tell me.

Thanks to: Dwight Nwaigwe, Kenneth Plackowski, Kenneth Yamamoto.



cover

MATH 583A \longrightarrow MATH 583A&B

page 235

near the top of the page: $B_0 = \frac{2}{L} \int_0^L f(x) dx$ \longrightarrow $B_0 = \frac{1}{L} \int_0^L f(x) dx$

page 241

in 2 places: $T : H \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ \longrightarrow $T : H \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ — no need to bound ourselves to reals, and in the beginning of the page 243 complex conjugates do appear.

page 250

near the middle of the page: $s \rightarrow 0$ \longrightarrow $\sigma \rightarrow 0$

page 263

not a typo, but a simpler proof of **Theorem 7**: Assume λ is in the residual spectrum of L . Then (by Theorem 6) $\bar{\lambda}$ is an eigenvalue of $L^* = L$. Then (by the consequence of the proof of Theorem 5) λ is real, so $\lambda = \bar{\lambda}$ is an eigenvalue of L , *i.e.*, it is in the point spectrum of L .

proof of **Theorem 7**: $y \in \mathcal{N}(L - \bar{\lambda})$ \longrightarrow $y \in \mathcal{N}(L^* - \bar{\lambda})$ — although $L^* = L$ here, anyway.

footnote ⁷²: $k \neq 1$ \longrightarrow $k > 0$ — otherwise rank is never equal to 1, which is the rank of “not generalized” eigenvectors

page 264

beginning of 6.5.2: domain of S \longrightarrow range of S

page 265

$\sigma_p(S) = \{0\}$ \longrightarrow $\sigma_p(S) = \emptyset$ — $\{0\}$ usually means “a set with one element, namely 0”.

page 267

near the bottom of the page: $\text{centered on } \lambda = 1$ \longrightarrow $\text{centered on } \lambda = 0$

near the bottom of the page: $\text{shows that } |\lambda| > 0$ \longrightarrow $\text{shows that } |\lambda| > 1$

page 277

(7.7): \int_0^x \longrightarrow \int_a^x

(7.9): $(\xi - x)$ \longrightarrow $(x - \xi)$

page 278

end of 7.1: Section 1.3 \longrightarrow Section 7.3

(7.18): $f(t)dt$ \longrightarrow $f(\tau)d\tau$

page 281

near the top of the page: Sturm Liouville \longrightarrow Sturm-Liouville

page 283

near the middle of the page: Sturm Liouville \longrightarrow Sturm-Liouville

before (7.49): Heaveside \longrightarrow Heaviside

page 290

(7.85): $pu'' + p'u + qu$ \longrightarrow $pu'' + p'u' + qu$

page 300

near the top of the page: $Lu = f$ \longrightarrow $Lu = g$

page 302

the very bottom of the page: $1\frac{1}{2}\xi^2 + c_1$ \longrightarrow $-\frac{1}{2}\xi^2 + c_1$

page 303

right after (7.165): $\int_{\xi}^x K_{>} dx \longrightarrow \int_{\xi}^1 K_{>} dx$

footnote 85: $K'_2|_{x=\xi} \longrightarrow K'_{<}|_{x=\xi}$

page 309

between (7.189) and (7.190): sides of (192) \longrightarrow sides of (189)

page 321

after (8.21): $(1 - \lambda\alpha_{11}c_1) \longrightarrow (1 - \lambda\alpha_{11})c_1$

page 323

near the bottom of the page: $\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}}{\frac{1}{2}}\right) \longrightarrow \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}}{\frac{1}{3}}\right)$

page 328

(8.39): $\lambda_m \int_a^b u_m(\xi) \longrightarrow \lambda_n \int_a^b u_m(\xi)$

the very bottom of the page: $\frac{\lambda_m}{\lambda_m} \int_a^b \longrightarrow \frac{\lambda_m}{\lambda_n} \int_a^b$

page 335

after (8.62): powers of λ \longrightarrow powers of μ

page 341

near the top of the page: compact \longrightarrow compact

upper half of the page: $T = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} T_n$ — we have $\|T_{n+1} - T_n\| = 1$, so there is no limit here.

page 347

(9.16): $\frac{\partial L}{\partial q} + \longrightarrow \frac{\partial L}{\partial q} \delta q +$

page 351

(9.42): $y^2 x \longrightarrow y_x^2$

page 376

the lower half of the page: the 20th century → the 20th century)