

Conditional Probability and Bayes Theorem

Homework 2

Problems

1. Draw 20 dates out of a hat that has each of the 365 days of the year. Find the probability that
 - (a) none of the dates are in September.
 - (b) two of the dates are in September.
 - (c) x of the dates are in September. What values for x are possible?
2. An urn has 4 red, 5 white, and 7 blue marbles. Assume equally likely outcomes.
 - (a) Find the probability of drawing, without replacement, red, red, white, white, blue, blue in that order.
 - (b) Find the probability of drawing, without replacement, two red, two white, and two blue.
 - (c) Repeat (a) and (b) sampling with replacement.
3. If A and B are independent, show that A^c and B^c are independent.
4. With the monsoon season, we can have more cases of dengue fever, a mosquito-borne tropical disease caused by the dengue virus. Antibody tests are recommended during a dengue outbreak. However, the presence of other viruses in the human body can have cross-reactive results yielding a high false positive rate. Assume a false positive rate of 10% and a false negative rate of 1%.
 - (a) Given that a person has dengue, what is the probability of a positive test.
 - (b) If one percent of a population has dengue, what fraction of the population will test positive.
 - (c) If the individual tests positive, what is the probability that this individual has dengue?
 - (d) The public health department suggests aggressive screening so that half of those tested have dengue. In this case, what is the probability that an individual testing positive actually has dengue?
 - (e) So that the public health department can decide on the aggressiveness of the screening, provide a plot of p , the prior probability that this individual has dengue, versus the posterior probability for individuals that test positive for dengue.

Challenging Problems

1. Three players A , B , and C take turns in order and independently flip a coin. The first player to obtain heads wins. Assume that the order of flips is A , then B , and then C .
 - (a) If the coin is fair, what is the probability that each player wins?

- (b) If $P\{\text{heads}\} = p$, what is the probability that each player wins?
- (c) Find the limit of these probabilities as $p \rightarrow 0$.

2. Casella & Berger, Exercise 1.28, page 40.