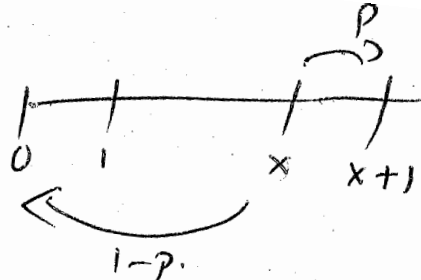


# HW 4

①



$$\pi(0) = (1-p)\pi(0) + (1-p)\pi(1) + \dots$$

$$\Rightarrow (1-p) \sum_{x=0}^{\infty} \pi(x) = 1-p \quad \text{if } \pi \text{ exists.}$$

$$\pi(1) = p \cdot \pi(0)$$

$$\Rightarrow \pi(x) = p^x \pi(0) \quad x \geq 0.$$

$$\pi(2) = p \pi(1)$$

$$\Rightarrow \pi(x) = \frac{p^x}{2} (1-p), \quad x \geq 0$$

check that  $\pi$  is a probability:  $\sum_{x=0}^{\infty} \pi(x) = \sum_{x=0}^{\infty} \frac{p^x}{2} (1-p)$

②

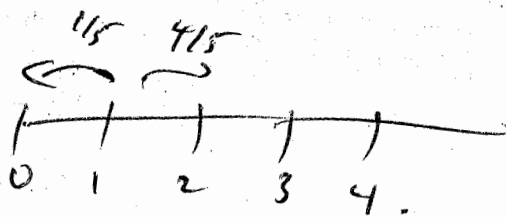
$$P_{00} = \frac{1}{5} P_{10} + \frac{4}{5} P_{-10}$$

$$= \frac{1-p}{1-p} = 1 \checkmark$$

To calculate  $P_{10}$  can use B-P chain



To calculate  $P_{-10}$  use  
(after mapping  $x$  to  $-x$ ).



$$\text{Then } P_{00} = \frac{1}{5} \cdot 1 + \frac{4}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{4} = \frac{2}{5}$$

③ states 2 = two working.

1 = one working

0 = none working.

$$\begin{matrix} & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ \begin{matrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ .05 & .95 & 0 \\ 0 & .02 & .98 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

(1) long run fraction are bulb working.

$$= \pi(1) = \frac{100}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{71}$$

(2) expected time between bulb replacements

$$E_0 T_0 = \frac{1}{\pi(0)} = 71.$$

$$\pi(0) = (0.05) \pi(1)$$

$$\pi(1) = (0.02) \pi(2) + (0.95) \pi(1)$$

$$\pi(2) = 1 \cdot \pi(0) + (0.98) \pi(2)$$

$$\pi(2) = \frac{100}{2} \pi(0)$$

$$\pi(1) = \frac{100}{5} \pi(0)$$

$$\Rightarrow \pi(1) = \frac{100}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{71}$$

$$\pi(2) = \frac{100}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{71}$$

$$\Rightarrow (1 + 50 + 20) \pi(0) = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \pi(0) = \frac{1}{71}$$

(4) Compute waiting times for HHH, HHT, HTT, HTH.

(1) Write down the  $8 \times 8$  transition matrix. Compute start dist is  $\langle \frac{1}{8}, \dots, \frac{1}{8} \rangle$ .

(2) The  $E_{\square} T_{\square} = \frac{1}{\pi_{\square}} = 8$ . all classes of  $\square$ .

(3) So,  $8 = E_{HHH} T_{HHH} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{2} (1 + E T_{HHH})$   
 $\uparrow$  get a H  $\uparrow$  get a T.  $\Rightarrow E T_{HHH} = 14$ .

Also,  $E_{HHT} T_{HHT} = 8$  since starting in HHT is the same as starting with no info.

$E_{HTT} T_{HTT} = 8$  similarly

$\Rightarrow E_{HTH} = 8$

$$8 = E_{HTH} T_{HTH} = \frac{1}{4} (2) + \frac{1}{4} (2 + E T_{HTH}) + \frac{1}{4} (2 + E T_{HTH}) + \frac{1}{4} (2 + E_{HTH} T_{HTH})$$

$\uparrow$  TH       $\uparrow$  TT       $\uparrow$  HT       $\uparrow$  HH.

$\uparrow$  same as start in HHH